# Grade 8 Unit 2 Vocabulary

### Equations and Inequalities

8.8A, 8.8B, 8.8C, 8.8D

<u>Expression</u> — One or a group of terms and may include variables, constants, operators and grouping symbols.

Math problem without an equal sign.

$$(3 + 5) \times 7$$

Equation — A mathematical statement composed of algebraic and/or numeric expressions set equal to each other.

Math problem with an equal sign.

$$16 - 2t = 5t + 9$$

Inequality—A mathematical statement composed of algebraic and/or numeric expressions set apart by an inequality symbol.

A math problem with a <, >,  $\leq$ , or  $\geq$  symbol instead of =.

Solution: all numbers greater than 5 <u>Variable</u>—A letter or symbol that represents a number.

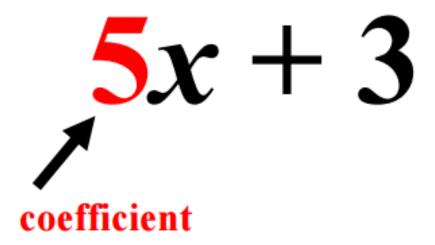
A letter in a math problem.

$$1 + x = 3$$

$$\uparrow$$
variable

## <u>Coefficient</u>—A number that is multiplied by a variable(s).

The number in front of the variable.



<u>Constant</u>—A fixed value that does not appear with a variable(s).

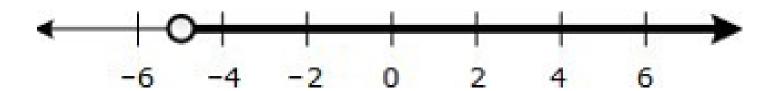
The number that is not with a variable.

$$5x + 7 = 12$$
Constants

<u>Solution set</u>—A set of all values of the variable(s) that satisfy the equation or inequality.

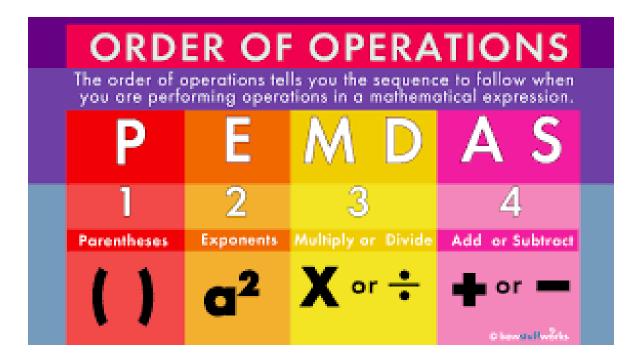
List of ALL possible answers for a problem.

$$X > -5$$
  
 $x = \{-4, -3, -2, ...\}$ 



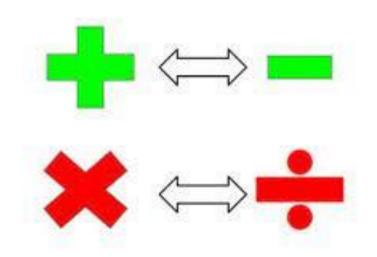
Order of Operations - The rules of which calculations are performed first when simplifying an expression.

Steps for solving multi-step problems.



## Inverse Operations - The operation that reverses the effect of another operation.

#### Opposite operations



# Distributive Property - Says that multiplying a number by a group of numbers added together is the same as doing each multiplication separately.

Multiplying an outside number by each number in parenthesis

DISTRIBUTIVE PROPERTY EXPLAINED!
$$4(\mathbb{X}+3) = 4\mathbb{X}+12$$